

Did You Lose It?
Get It Back Through a
Times-Dispatch Want Ad.

70TH YEAR.

VOLUME 19
NUMBER 19

RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1920.—TEN PAGES.

WEATHER
PAGE 4
—CLOUDY.

Quickest Results
Obtained by Using The
Times-Dispatch Columns.

PRICE, THREE CENTS

SENATE AMAZED BY EXPOSURE OF DUPONT THREAT

DYE CONCERN TRIES TO BOSS CONGRESS

Letter of Company Shows Bold
Attempt to Influence
Legislation.

STRIKES AT GENERAL WOOD

Frelinghuysen and King Have
Hot Debate Over Partisan
Charge.

BY JAMES R. NOURSE.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—An amazing attempt to influence legislation in Congress by means of a letter to one of the members of the Senate was made before the Senate today.

The Du Ponts of Delaware have threatened to withdraw their support from General Leonard Wood if Senator George Moses, Wood's local manager, does not keep his hands off the dyestuff bill now pending in the Senate.

It has been charged by opponents of the measure that if passed in its present form it would give the Du Ponts an absolute monopoly over the dye industry which was built up in the United States during the war.

Carries Prohibitive Tariff.
The bill would impose a prohibitive tariff on all imports of dyes, and it is charged, would place American cotton manufacturers completely at the mercy of the Du Pont corporation.

Senator George Moses is the author of an amendment which strikes at the creation of this monopoly. He introduced it at the solicitation of New England cotton manufacturers who are fearful of the results that would follow enactment of the bill in its present shape.

Senator Moses' amendment would authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to establish a "fair selling price" for the products of those industries fostered by the bill. The introduction of the amendment has brought to Senator Moses the support of General Wood's candidacy for President in the fall.

Threat Conveyed in Letter.
This threat was conveyed to Senator Moses in a letter from an official of the Du Pont Corporation. Senator Kenyon, of Iowa, today in the Senate today. It is as follows:

"E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.,
"Wilmington, Del., April 16, 1920.
Hon. George H. Moses, United States Senate,
"Washington, D. C.:
Dear Senator Moses: I am glad to hear of your gathering of Republicans at dayhouse in Wilmington on the evening of April 15, and listened with great interest to your address in support of the candidacy of General Leonard Wood.

"Your exposition of your candidate's attitude on national preparedness was particularly interesting. Inasmuch as I showed the general to be in thorough accord with all of the principles involved in the pending legislation for the development of a self-sufficient coal and chemical industry, and in the development of the community, I am glad to hear of your closer contact with the vital questions of preparedness or more intimate knowledge of the preparedness of the country when the late war broke.

"The amendment which you have offered and your active opposition to the preparedness features of the dyestuff bill seem to me of up to be in accord with your candidate's position or with your fervent appeals to us to support him, because of his stand for national preparedness.

"Personally, I want to support General Wood, but I find it difficult to reconcile the two attitudes of one of his important campaign managers—the one on the floor of the Senate and the other on the public platform—sufficiently to have full faith in his candor.

"I am informing a publicity campaign to inform the public concerning the present status of the proposed dyestuff legislation. May I ask you to set me straight as to the apparent contradiction in your attitude on the dyestuff bill, as I may be perfectly accurate in what I write?

"Very truly yours,
(Signed)
"CHARLES K. WESTON,
"Publicity Bureau."

Senator Kenyon, in presenting the letter, said that it was a threat directed against one of the candidates for President and one of his managers. He said he had permission from both to have the letter put in the record.

Names Chief Proponents.
"In view of the attacks that have been made on opponents of the bill," Senator Kenyon added, "it is well to know who the chief proponents of the measure are, also to obtain a little light on the methods they are employing to force the Senators to support it."

Senator Moses is out of the city, having gone to New Hampshire on campaign work.

Following the reading of the letter, the contents of which amazed senators who heard it, the attacks on the bill became more violent. Senator Kenyon said that the subject of a charge against Senator Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, that

(Continued on page three).

ASSESSORS DISCUSS STATE TAX RATES

Epochal Gathering Here to Consider
Question of Equitable
Levies.

GOVERNOR DAVIS PRESIDES

Many Sections of the State
Demand Relief From Unfair
Burdens Imposed.

For the first time in the history of the State, land assessors from every county and city in Virginia assembled at the State Hotel yesterday, under the auspices of the State Tax Board, to discuss among themselves plans for making assessments of real estate more uniform, to the end that all localities may bear an equal burden, in proportion to their financial strength, in the upbuilding of roads, and schools and in the eradication and prevention of tuberculosis.

The conference was called to order at 10 o'clock by Governor Westmoreland Davis, chairman of the State Tax Board, who read to them a statement from the board, giving reasons for the meeting and submitting a compilation of statistics bearing on land assessments in Virginia. After this was done, the conference was turned over to the assessors themselves. Samuel Page, of Albemarle, was elected to preside, and H. C. Beattie, of Henrico, was named secretary.

"Uniformity of assessment," the Governor said, "is striking the keynote of the occasion. 'Will never be attained so long as assessors in one section of the State are completely ignorant of the methods being employed by assessors in other sections."

The conference was requested to meet in conference as to enable you to exchange views and agree among yourselves as to the most suitable methods of making assessments in order that the method employed may be uniform throughout the State and that more equitable assessments may result."

That a maximum rate of taxation on real estate, fixed by the General Assembly for localities, would force many of the counties with low assessments to increase them in self-defense is the belief of W. T. Paxton, of Buena Vista, who yesterday offered a resolution embodying this suggestion at the conference of land assessors.

Figures compiled by the State Tax Board and submitted to the assessors showed that the average value of land in the State is \$12.50 per acre. The average value of land in the State is \$12.50 per acre. The average value of land in the State is \$12.50 per acre.

Inequalities Not New.
"The inequalities which exist in the assessment of real estate at the present time are not new or unusual," the Governor said, "but the present statement of the Tax Board, 'but to the contrary, the very fact of the long standing has increased the inequalities. The percentage of the one is 50, while the other is 12.5."

**NOVEL AUTO CAVALCADE
INVADES CONNECTICUT**
Suffragettes From Forty-Eight States
Appeal to Governor for
HARTFORD, CONN., May 7.—The "emergency suffrage corps," comprising women of forty-eight States, who invaded Connecticut this week in an attempt to prove to Governor H. H. H. that the women of the State are fit to hold office, today in a special legislative session, centered their efforts on the Capitol today. Arguments were made to the Governor for a special session to act on the suffrage amendment.

Forty-eight automobiles, each bearing the name of a State, proceeded to the Capitol. While the women were in conference with the Governor, a mass-meeting was held on the Capitol grounds.

"I will think the matter over," said Governor H. H. H. after the visit of the suffrage delegation.

**HOUSE HONORS "UNCLE JOE"
ON HIS 84TH ANNIVERSARY**
Former Speaker Showers With Messages of Congratulations From Many Friends.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Former Speaker Cannon, 84 years old today, Members of the House gave the Illinois Representative an ovation when Representative Mondell, the Republican leader, announced that this was "Uncle Joe's" birthday anniversary.

Messages of congratulation were received by Mr. Cannon. Chauncey M. Depew, of New York, who recently celebrated his eighty-sixth anniversary, sent this message:

"I beckon you on to the eighty-sixth milestone, which I am holding for you. It is a beautiful and glorious position."

**FLYING PARSON TO LEAVE
ARMY FOR Y. M. C. A. WORK**
Lieutenant Melvin W. Maynard Intends Eventually to Return to Baptist Ministry.

MINNEAPOLIS, N. Y., May 7.—Lieutenant Melvin W. Maynard, the "Flying Parson," who won the army transcontinental and the New York-Toronto air races last fall, announced today that he would be discharged from the army tomorrow. He has accepted a position with the Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A., and plans to continue in the work for a year or more before returning to the Baptist ministry. He is married and has two children.

LEVER ACT HELD VALID
Federal Judge Overrules Demurrers in Alleged Sugar Profit-Stealing Case.

COLUMBUS, GA., May 7.—The Lever food control act was held constitutional today by United States Judge S. B. Shibley here today in overruling demurrers in the case of the Oglesby Grocery Company, of Atlanta, and W. A. Albright, its president, recently indicted by the Federal grand jury for alleged profiteering in sugar.

Good Old Virginia Ham Appeals to Palate of French Woman Traveler

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, May 7.—American food, as served in restaurants in this country, did not favorably impress the Duchess of Clermont-Tonnerre, who visited the United States last autumn and has written a book on her trip. Americans do not consider eating seriously enough, she indicates and are trying to "simplify" the performance. The only American food she liked was the "ham of Virginia."

"One must admit," she says in her book, "that food in America is not good. To a Frenchman the word 'meal' cannot be applied to the boiling down of a club sausage in five or six bites while standing before a luncheon bus. The necessity of eating seems to have become for Americans a sort of monotonous and obligatory annoyance and they are bending all endeavor toward simplifying the performance."

The duchess says she is "unable to comprehend why an American should require less time for his whole luncheon than one of her countrymen needs to merely scan the wine list and continue the performance."

"American butter is poor and American cheese cannot be eaten. American chickens are emaciated and scrawny and one has the feeling that it is a cruelty to put a knife to them. All American dishes have passed through cold storage."

**COLONEL T. M. R. TALCOTT
AIDE TO LEE, IS DEAD**
Was One of Last Officers of High Rank Who Served in Confederate Army.

NATIVE OF PHILADELPHIA
Filled High Positions With Several Railroads in His Profession of Engineering Before Retiring to His Home in Richmond.

Colonel T. M. R. Talcott, aide-de-camp to General Robert E. Lee, and one of the last officers of high rank who directed the military destinies of the Confederate States, died last night at 8:15 o'clock at his residence, 19 North Boulevard. He was 82 years old.

Funeral services will be held from All Saints' Episcopal Church tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Burial will be in Hollywood Cemetery. He was survived by his widow, Mrs. Nannie C. Talcott, and by five daughters, Mrs. C. McCall Talcott, Mrs. J. W. Talcott, Mrs. Truman H. Parker and Misses Mary S. Harriet R. Eva C. and Jennie McCall Talcott.

Highly Regarded by General Lee.
Colonel Talcott's varied and distinguished service with the Confederate army began on April 22, 1861, when he was commissioned first lieutenant of engineers and assigned to the river, coast and harbor defense of the State of Virginia. The high regard of his commander-in-chief is attested in a letter, written by General Lee two days after the surrender at Appomattox Court House, commending him as a brave and skillful officer. This is on file at R. E. Lee Camp, No. 1.

He served successively as first lieutenant and captain on engineer duty, as an officer in an artillery corps, as captain and major of cavalry and as aide-de-camp to General Lee and as Colonel, First Regiment Engineer Troops, Provisional Army of the Confederate States.

Colonel Talcott was a civil engineer by profession, and since the War Between the States has at various periods served as assistant engineer for the Louisville, Lexington and Cincinnati Railroad, division engineer, Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, Richmond and Danville, and the Southern Railway; vice-president and general manager, Mobile and Ohio Railroad, and assistant to the president, the Seaboard Air Line Railroad.

Born in Philadelphia.
He was born in Philadelphia, March 27, 1838, the son of Andrew and Harriet Hackley Talcott. His father, Lieutenant Andrew Talcott, United States Corps of Engineers, was the

(Continued on Second Page.)

**MOVEMENT TO QUASH
INDICTMENT AGAINST
MINERS AND OWNERS**
Bituminous Coal Men Con'nd Sections of Lever Act Unconstitutional.

(By Associated Press.)
INDIANAPOLIS, IND., May 7.—Motions to quash the indictment against 125 bituminous coal miners and operators of Indiana, Ohio, Illinois and Pennsylvania, filed in the Federal court here this afternoon by Charles Evans Hughes, chief counsel for the indicted miners and Samuel D. Miller and James A. Blingham, of counsel for the operators.

The motions attack the constitutionality of the sections of the Lever food control act on which the indictments were based, and assert that these sections are inoperative since they relate to the fuel industry.

Sections 4, 9 and 26 and the amendment to section 4, of the Lever act, both the miners asserted, are in contradiction to the fifth amendment of the Constitution in that they deprive persons of their liberty and property without due process of law, and of the sixth amendment, in that they deny the accused persons the right of a fair trial by jury.

The greater part of the session was taken up with arguments on the plea in statement, which deal with the technical rights of trial judges in their instructions to juries.

LEVER ACT HELD VALID
Federal Judge Overrules Demurrers in Alleged Sugar Profit-Stealing Case.

COLUMBUS, GA., May 7.—The Lever food control act was held constitutional today by United States Judge S. B. Shibley here today in overruling demurrers in the case of the Oglesby Grocery Company, of Atlanta, and W. A. Albright, its president, recently indicted by the Federal grand jury for alleged profiteering in sugar.

which in five or six bites while standing before a luncheon bus. The necessity of eating seems to have become for Americans a sort of monotonous and obligatory annoyance and they are bending all endeavor toward simplifying the performance."

The duchess says she is "unable to comprehend why an American should require less time for his whole luncheon than one of her countrymen needs to merely scan the wine list and continue the performance."

"American butter is poor and American cheese cannot be eaten. American chickens are emaciated and scrawny and one has the feeling that it is a cruelty to put a knife to them. All American dishes have passed through cold storage."

**HIGH WAGES SHOULD NOT
INCREASE LIVING COSTS**
W. Jett Lauck Presents Mass of Data on Behalf of Railroad Brotherhoods.

ANTI-PROFITEERING PLANS
Former War Labor Board Official Gives Railroad Commission Two Methods of Curbing Gougers and Reducing Exorbitant Prices.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, May 7.—Presenting a mass of data prepared on behalf of the railroad brotherhoods and unions tending to show that increased wages should not cause higher prices, W. Jett Lauck, former secretary of the war labor board, today suggested to the railroad labor board two methods to curb profiteering and reduce the cost of living.

Either the cost of living or the cost of the commodities of all commodities, leaving the industry, Mr. Lauck declared, or Congress should control industries as the railroads were controlled during the war. By marking with the factory price, the public, he said, would know if the retailer was charging a fair price to the consumer.

Congressional Action Necessary.
The witness declared that the way was open to stop the vicious circle of increased wages and increased prices and the question was before Congress, where it must finally be solved. Action by Congress will have to come, he asserted, unless the force of public opinion is sufficient to bring about a change in the attitude of the railroads.

Labor costs have been in no way responsible for current high prices, Mr. Lauck contended, producing statistics tending to show that the enormous profits made by corporations and the huge increase in labor have been the cause. Labor is hardly an appreciable element in production expense, he argued.

Calling attention to the many war-made millionaires, the study contended that the relationship exists between high prices and labor is not a simple one. It is a complex one, and the addition to the quota of millionaires, and that the increase in the wealth of the wealthy is an "unanswerable" refutation to all attempts to charge labor with profiteering, and to all attempts to hold labor responsible for the high cost of living.

Must Capitalize Profits.
"For, if invested wealth gets a larger return," said the study, "a larger return to the investor, it comes from the fact that the man who gives personal service or labor is held to a smaller proportion. The measure of the future lies in the

(Continued on Second Page.)

**JOHNSON AND HOOVER
EXPRESS SENTIMENTS
ON LEAGUE OF NATIONS**
Presidential Candidates Make Their Positions on International Problem Clearer.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, May 7.—Senator Hiram Johnson and Herbert Hoover have issued statements making clearer their positions on the league of nations, regarded in some quarters as a leading issue in the coming presidential campaign.

Senator Johnson, speaking of the recent California primary, had this to say in Washington: "I am very glad Mr. Hoover accepts so philosophically the result in California. Mr. Hoover says his friends introduced no personal interest, but registered their protest at my extreme opposition to any league to prevent war and reduce armaments. My opposition has been Mr. Hoover's English league, which did neither of these things."

Herbert Hoover today authorized the following statement: "Senator Johnson is quoted as stating that he has never expressed opposition to any league to prevent war and reduce armaments. This indication of a change of heart is a matter of great satisfaction. He states that he does not want an English league. None of us do. But does the Senator mean that the covenant with the League of Nations is an English league? This is the covenant and these are the reservations which I have supported since they were first voted by the majority of the Senate last November. Will the Senator speak out plainly on this subject so that the people may know where he stands and what he stands for in this matter?"

PAY PER CAPITA TAX OF \$76
British Assessed More Heavily Than Any Other of World War Allies.

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, May 7.—Chancellor of the Exchequer Austen Chamberlain today gave the per capita direct taxation figures for the great powers during 1919:

United Kingdom, \$76; United States, \$27; France, \$12; Italy, \$11.

The Chancellor cited these figures in reiterating his assertion that the people of England are bearing the heaviest direct burden of the war costs.

Will Withdraw Excess Troops.
MAYENCE, May 7.—General Maurice Nollet, chief of the French military mission in Berlin, has been advised by the German government that an excess troops in the Ruhr district will be withdrawn May 10, according to a message received here.

FLAMES DESTROY METHODIST SCHOOL

Blackstone College Is Wrecked
by Fire, Main Building
Total Loss.

DAMAGE TOTALS \$200,000

Educational Institution Was
Near End of Twenty-Sixth
Session.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
BLACKSTONE, May 7.—Fire, originating from an unknown cause, this afternoon destroyed the main building of Blackstone College, including the much-valued Vincent library. The fire started on the third floor, and before the flames could be checked by the united efforts of the fire department and townspeople, the blaze had completely wrecked the building. The fire was discovered just under the eaves of the roof of the structure shortly before 6 o'clock, and an alarm was at once sounded, but efforts of the fighters were of no avail, and the building was soon enveloped in flames.

New Building Saved.
The new building of the college was saved, as was also the auditorium, and all of the students of the college escaped safely from the building. Most of the young women were engaged in an outdoor drill at the time of the fire, and it was probably due to this fact that no one was injured. Several students of the Blackstone Military Academy were overcome by smoke while fighting the fire, but none was seriously injured.

The school, according to a statement issued tonight by the secretary and treasurer, George P. Adams, will be forced to close for this season, and the students will leave for their homes as soon as convenient. No difficulty was experienced in finding accommodations for the students, the citizens of the town offering them the room necessary for the housing of the girls over the period of emergency. The college was in its twenty-sixth session.

The loss is estimated at \$200,000, with insurance for \$160,000. Restoration operations will begin immediately.

Founded in 1894.
Founded in 1894, largely through the efforts of Bishop James Cannon, the school was started as a preparatory school for the training of about 100 pupils. The administrative building was first constructed and other wings were added as the needs for more room constantly grew. Four years ago the institution was made a college, and at the time of the fire the enrollment was 466 pupils.

Dr. James Cannon was the first president of the college, holding that position until 1918, when he was made a bishop. Dr. W. Asbury Christian was then made president of the college.

The college is under the supervision of the Virginia Conference, being associated with the school system of the conference.

**ESCAPES UNHURT WHEN
PLANE PLUNGES INTO RIVER**
Former Royal Air Pilot Loses Control of Airplane Hovered From Landing Field.

(By Associated Press.)
COLUMBUS, OHIO, May 7.—In an airplane alleged to have been taken without consent of the pilot, A. O. Innis, Columbus, former member of the Royal Air Force, plunged 200 feet into Olentangy River here late today, when he lost control of the machine. Arthur Hoffman, Columbus, accompanied Innis as a passenger. Neither was hurt.

Innis is said to have taken the machine from the landing field at Ohio State University. The plane had been driven here from Toledo by aviators attending a meeting of the Associated Aero Club of Ohio.

**BRYAN WANTS DEFEAT OF
O'NEAL AND UNDERWOOD**
Urges Alabama Citizens to Vote in Favor of Delegation to Convention.

(By Associated Press.)
ALBANY, ALA., May 7.—William J. Bryan made the first of a series of speeches in Alabama here today in the interest of prohibition candidates for the United States Senate and delegates to San Francisco. He urged the voters to defeat both Senator Underwood and former Governor Bonnet O'Neal, both of whom are running for the Senate. Governor O'Neal to succeed Senator Bankhead. Referring to the election of delegates, he said:

"The issue at San Francisco may hang on one vote. I will be on the outside of Chicago and the inside at San Francisco working against the saloon."

**ANSON BEST GETS LIFE
SENTENCE FOR MURDER**
Michigan Youth Is Convicted in Circuit Court of Killing Miss Vera Schneider.

(By Associated Press.)
PONTIAC, MICH., May 7.—A jury in Circuit Court late today found Anson Best, a Flint (Mich.) youth, guilty of the murder of Miss Vera Schneider, a telephone operator, whose body was found on the porch of an unoccupied dwelling in a restricted residence district here April 25. Best was sentenced to life imprisonment at the Marquette prison.

Substitute Fuel for Autos.
ROME, May 7.—Dr. Pasteur, a noted chemist, has discovered a method of cheaply producing liquid hydrogen. It may be used in driving automobiles, one gallon being sufficient for 250 miles. It also may be utilized in railway locomotives and in the engines of ocean steamers, he declares.

TO BE NO STYLE CHANGE
Shoes for Fall and Winter Will Follow Practically Same Lines of Design.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 7.—A committee reported to the convention of the Tailors' Council of the United States, in session here, tonight that there is to be little change in footwear styles for the autumn and winter. "One reason for this," the report said, "is that many dealers have an overstock of spring high shoes which were by the sudden vogue for pumps and oxfords."

15,000 REBELS MARCHING ON MEXICO CITY

Anniversary of Sinking
of Lusitani Observed

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, May 7.—The fifth anniversary of the sinking of the steamship Lusitania by a German submarine was observed here today. Special memorial services for those whose lives were lost in the disaster were held in several churches. A general service, attended by members of many patriotic organizations, and soldiers gathered on the United States flag of the allied nations, was held at St. Thomas Church.

Flowers were strewn on the Hudson River, in memory of the victims of the sinking, while soldiers on the United States cruiser Rochester, anchored in the river, stood with bared heads as the ship's bugle sounded "taps."

**NEW YORK DEMOCRATS
IGNORE THE PRESIDENT**
Tammany-Supported State Convention Silent on Peace Treaty and League of Nations.

SMOTHER "DIY" RESOLUTION
Demand World Disarmament and Indorse Governor Smith's Platform Favoring Labor Legislation for Women and Children.

(By Universal Service.)
ALBANY, N. Y., May 7.—World disarmament is the substitute proposed by the State Democratic organization for the league of nations. Dominated by Tammany Hall, the delegates refused to indorse President Wilson's administration, ignored the peace treaty, the league of nations and the prohibition question. Governor Smith was elected chairman of the "Big Push" to the national convention.

The delegation is pledged as a unit to fight for the disarmament of the world, and the program embodied in Governor Smith's welfare legislation, including the eight-hour day, a living wage for women and children, prohibition against women and child labor, and the eight-hour day for women and children.

Mayor George R. Lunn, of Schenectady, and Samuel S. Seabury, former candidate for Governor, led the fight for a resolution offered by Mr. Seabury which would have placed the Democrats of New York squarely in support of the eighteenth amendment to the Constitution.

The delegates cheered the adoption of the plank recommending that the Democratic presidential candidate shall be committed to a fight to disarm the world, despite the warning of Seabury that "this plan will be ridiculed by the entire country within forty-eight hours."

"The world must disarm or the world will starve," declared Bourke Cockran, chairman of the platform committee and a leading member of the delegation.

**FORMER ARMY FLYER
SMASHES OLD RECORD
IN PASSENGER FLIGHT**
Plane With Four Men Reaches Height of 16,200 Feet.

(By Associated Press.)
MINNEAPOLIS, N. Y., May 7.—Clarence Combs, pilot of an Orinco plane with three passengers and himself, rose to a height of 16,200 feet, a new world's record, over Mitchell Field here late today. The record is vouchered for by officials of the American Flying Club.

The previous record for four passengers, according to officials of the American Flying Club, was approximately 12,400 feet. The plane has a 150-horsepower motor.

Combs was formerly a sergeant in the American army air service. His passengers included a representative of the company manufacturing the plane and two newspaper men.

**ANSON BEST GETS LIFE
SENTENCE FOR MURDER**
Michigan Youth Is Convicted in Circuit Court of Killing Miss Vera Schneider.

(By Associated Press.)
PONTIAC, MICH., May 7.—A jury in Circuit Court late today found Anson Best, a Flint (Mich.) youth, guilty of the murder of Miss Vera Schneider, a telephone operator, whose body was found on the porch of an unoccupied dwelling in a restricted residence district here April 25. Best was sentenced to life imprisonment at the Marquette prison.

Substitute Fuel for Autos.
ROME, May 7.—Dr. Pasteur, a noted chemist, has discovered a method of cheaply producing liquid hydrogen. It may be used in driving automobiles, one gallon being sufficient for 250 miles. It also may be utilized in railway locomotives and in the engines of ocean steamers, he declares.

TO BE NO STYLE CHANGE
Shoes for Fall and Winter Will Follow Practically Same Lines of Design.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 7.—A committee reported to the convention of the Tailors' Council of the United States, in session here, tonight that there is to be little change in footwear styles for the autumn and winter. "One reason for this," the report said, "is that many dealers have an overstock of spring high shoes which were by the sudden vogue for pumps and oxfords."